

Détermination of hydrodynamic parameters of complex aquifers from spring hydrographs



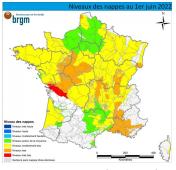
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CONTEXT

Climate change → Modification/decrease in groundwater recharge Human activities → Increase in freshwater withdrawals from groundwater Groundwater constitutes 99% of the earth's liquid freshwater reserves

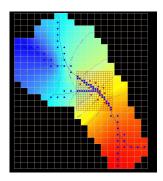
Numerical models to manage groundwater resources
Need for hydrodynamic parameters → possible from flow-rate at the spring



Quantitative state of the aquifers



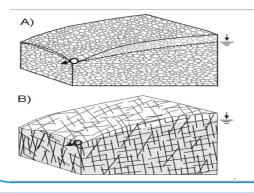
Loue spring

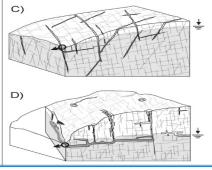


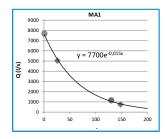
MODFLOW modeling

SCIENTIFIC CHALLENGE

Determine by a semi-analytical solution the porosity + permeability + internal structure elements of the heterogeneous aquifers from the flow data measured at the springs (hydrographs)



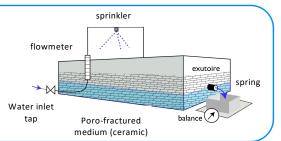




Exemple of hydrograph (Q: flow-rate)

METHOD

Data collection on springs in various hydrogeological contexts Laboratory experiments on a reduced aquifer models Resumption of the work of V. Hakoun's thesis (2013) Establishment of a hydrograph typology Development of a new hydrograph analysis model



OUTCOMES

Scientific publications
New practical works for L3 or M1 courses
Open-access tool for hydrogeologists and groundwater managers

