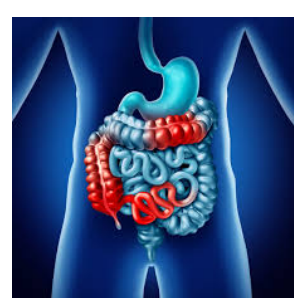


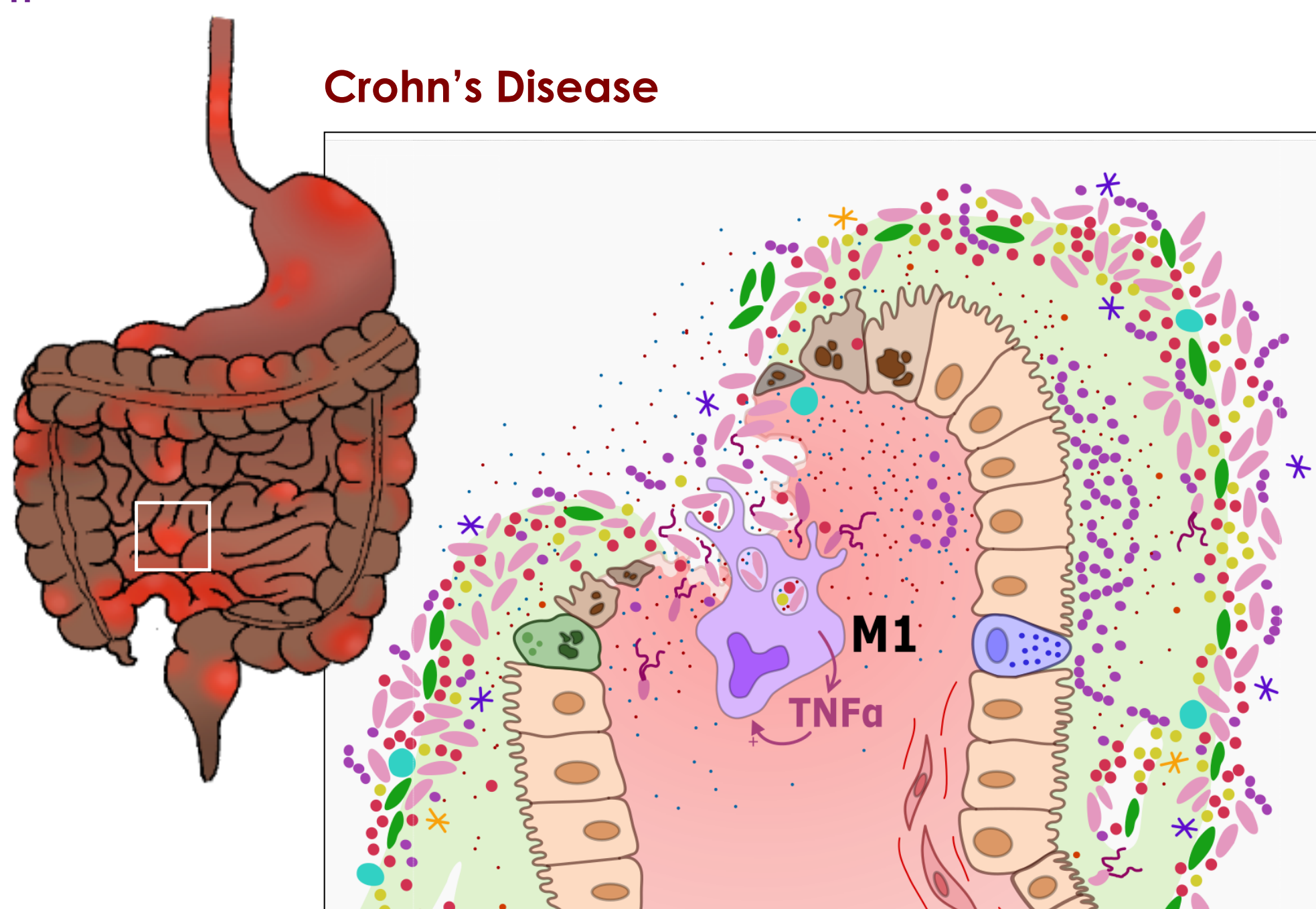
Dissecting the mechanisms by which intestinal AIEC promote macrophage-induced inflammation during Crohn's disease

SCIENTIFIC CONTEXT



Crohn's Disease (CD), a raising inflammatory pathology with no curative treatment

Crohn's disease (CD) is one of the 2 major forms of **inflammatory bowel diseases**. It is a **highly invalidating pathology**, characterized by recurrent and very **painful inflammatory episodes**, associated with numerous extraintestinal complications and an **increased risk of colon cancer**. The inflammatory burden is fed by an aberrant production of TNF α , elicited by the prevalence of pathogenic species due to intestinal dysbiosis.



No curative treatment exists yet for CD, only palliative treatment with **anti-TNF α antibodies**.

The **constantly raising incidence** of the disease urges for the development of **novel anti-CD therapeutics**.

Pathogenic gut microbiota: a promising drug target in CD

PROPOSED METHODOLOGIES

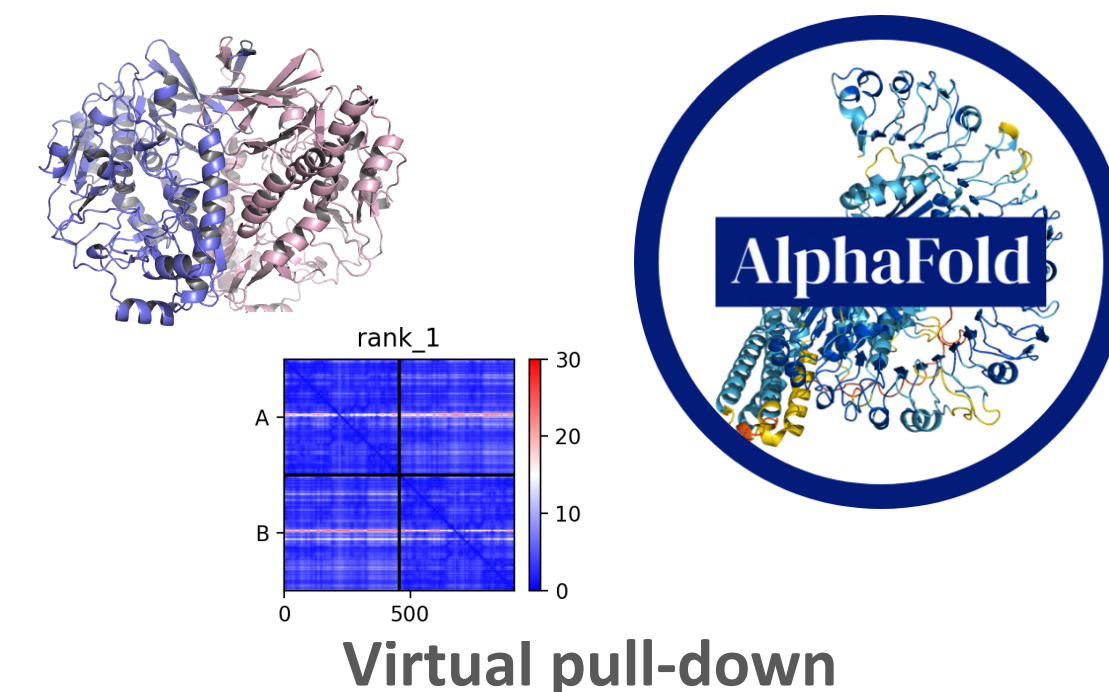
In vitro approaches - Interactomics and 3D-modelling

1. Identify IbeA's binding partners

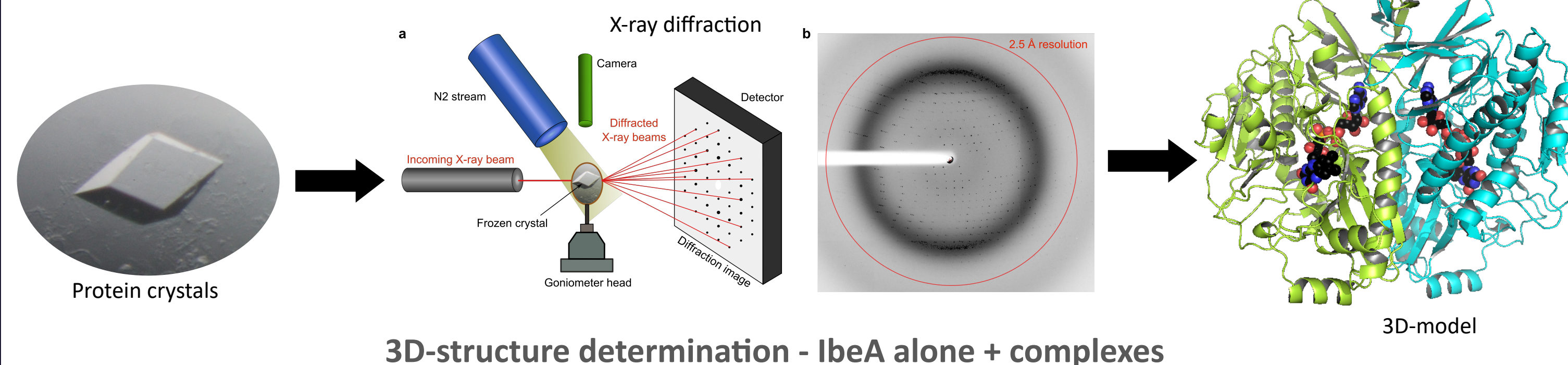
Experimental approaches



In silico approaches



2. Elucidate IbeA's structure-function relationship

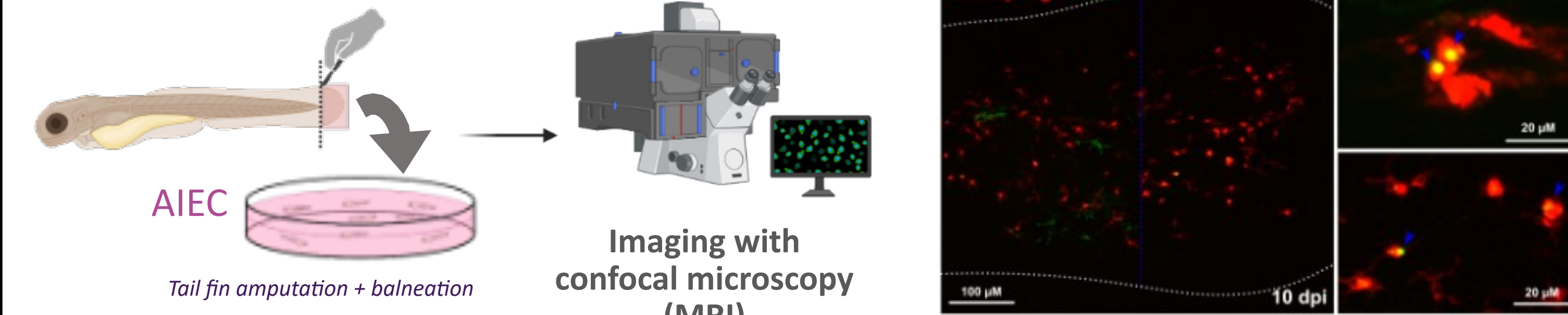


Aim: define IbeA's precise biological function and the redox mechanisms it controls

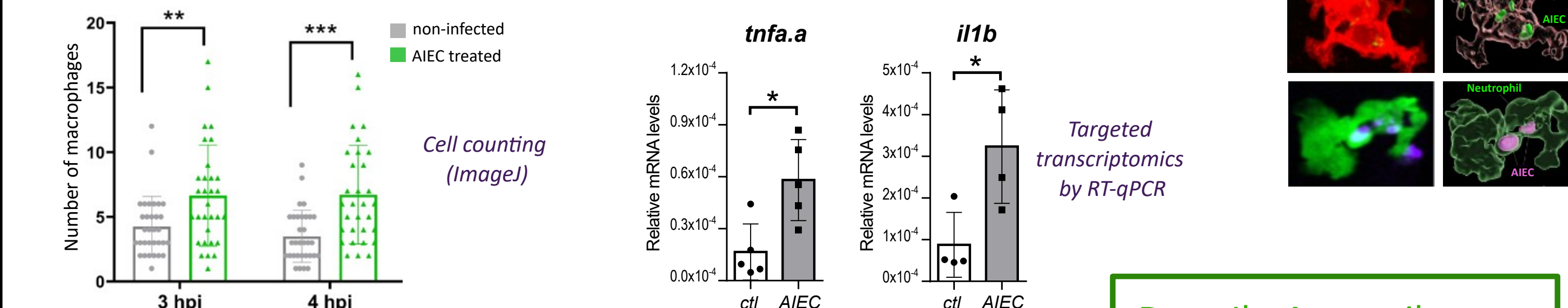
In vivo approaches - zebrafish, imaging & transcriptomics

1. Role of IbeA/partners in intramacrophage survival & inflammatory burst

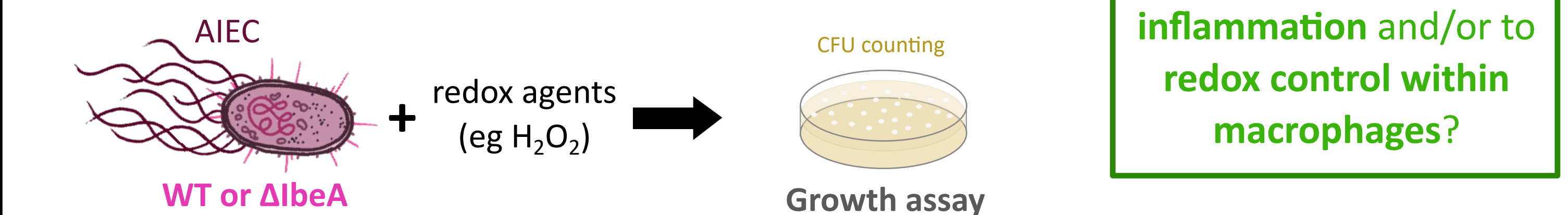
AIEC infection model in zebrafish larvae



Quantification of immune cell recruitment and activation



2. Role of IbeA/partners in resistance to oxidative stress



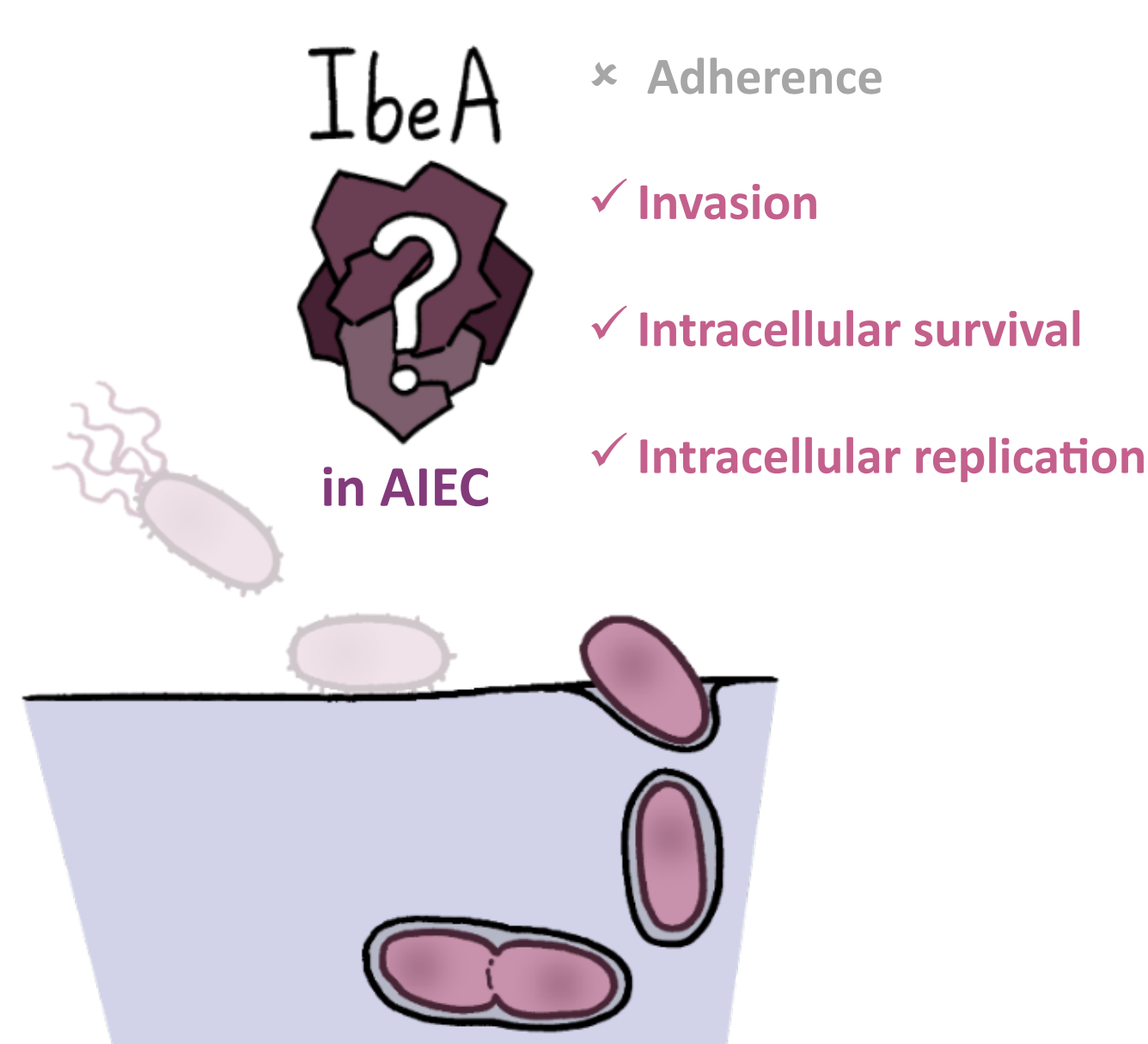
Does IbeA contribute to macrophage-induced inflammation and/or to redox control within macrophages?

OBJECTIVES & PRELIMINARY RESULTS

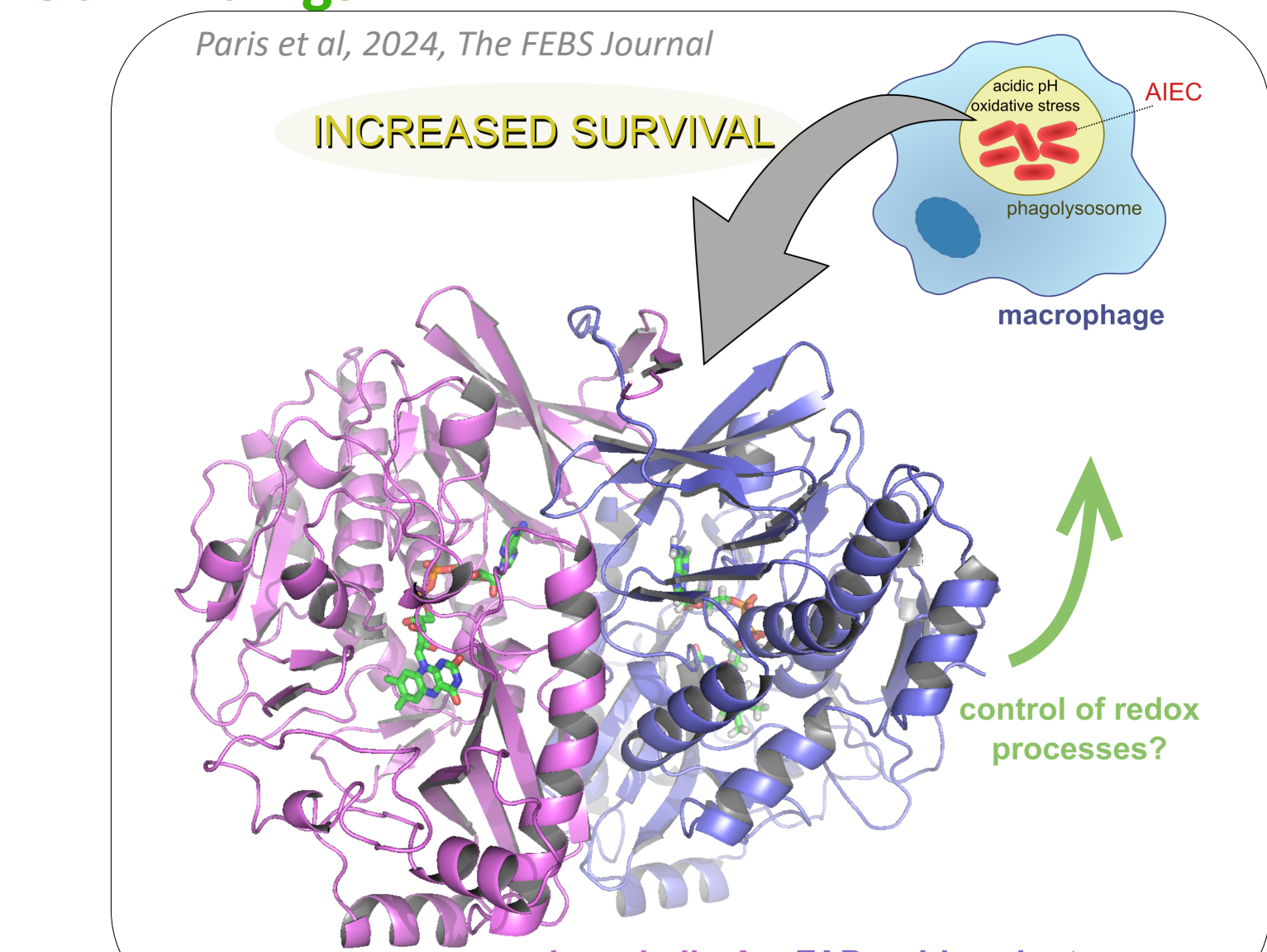
Identify novel AIEC virulence factors for drug targeting

O1. Identify VFs important for intramacrophage survival

O2. Unravel the biological processes they control to induce inflammation



Our findings



IbeA = FAD-dependent dimeric oxidoreductase

**Involved in resistance to oxidative stress?
Through which mechanisms/pathways?**

Among AIEC's VFs, **IbeA** recently described as required for **invasion, survival & replication** inside macrophages.

MORE ABOUT THE PROJECT & TEAM

The team: Mechanisms of Normal & Pathological Inflammation



<https://lphi.umontpellier.fr/research-teams/mechanisms-of-normal-and-pathological-inflammation/>

Recent publications

Demou M & Yatime L (2025) *bioRxiv* 2025.07.25.666771; doi:10.1101/2025.07.25.666771
Hernandez L et al (2025) *bioRxiv* 2025.06.10.658860. doi:10.1101/2025.06.10.658860
Paris T et al (2024) *FEBS J* 291, 177-203. doi:10.1111/febs.16969
Leiba J et al (2023) *Biology* 12, 153. doi:10.3390/biology12020153
Kowalewski J et al (2021) *PLoS ONE* 16, e0254533. doi:10.1371/journal.pone.0254533

Videos about what we do in our team

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=azDfVfYmYkA>
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=M_8CuYbYpU0
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=SMBUqwfKQZU>



Fundings

