

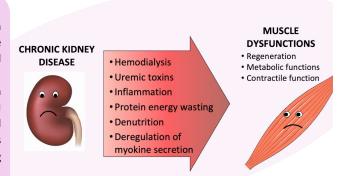


# MUSCLE DYSFUNCTIONS IN CHRONIC KIDNEY DISEASE PATIENTS

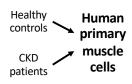
#### **CONTEXT**

Loss of mass and dysfunction of skeletal muscles are common comorbities in Chronic Kidney Disease (CKD) patients. They are associated with an increased risk of mortality, lead to reduced physical activity, and impact quality of life.

Previous studies have highlighted in skeletal muscle of CKD patients an activation of atrophy pathways, a fiber type transition from type I (slow) to type II (fast), an alteration in mitochondrial structure, as well as activation of autophagy and mitophagy. However, the mechanisms involved are still poorly understood. In particular, data are still lacking concerning the impact of hemodialysis on skeletal muscle cells.



## **Experimental model:**

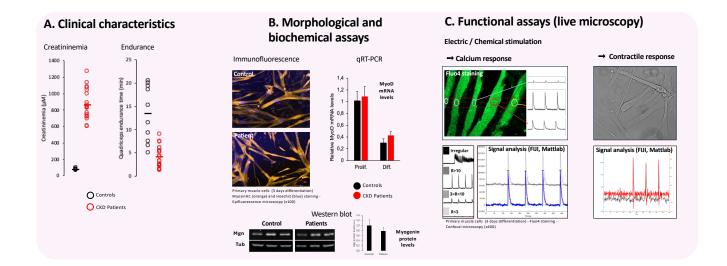




#### **OBJECTIVES**

The primary objective of this project is to study whether primary muscle cells from CKD patients display altered function or capacities.

The second objective is the development of a standardized study protocol for primary muscle cells, combining recording of calcium response and contractile response to electric and chemical stimuli.



### **TASKS**

- Characterize primary muscle cell differentiation in presence and in absence of various treatments
- o Study myokines gene expression and secretion
- Characterize primary muscle cell calcium response and contractile response
- Set up a reproducible protocol enabling characterization of primary muscle cell contractile capacities

# **PREREQUISITES**

- ✓ Interest in working with cellular models
- Skills in biochemistry and microscopy will be appreciated
- Candidate should be curious, precise, organised, autonomous
- Candidate should have an interest in the development of new techniques and protocols



