









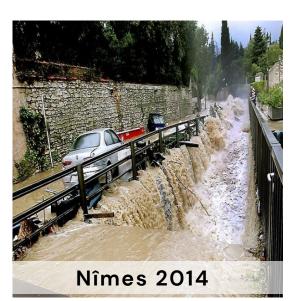


Explainable AI (XAI) for trust building in artificial intelligence Applications in Flash Flood Prediction

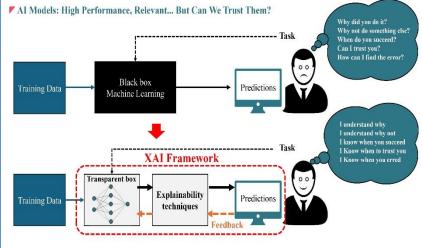
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CONTEXT

- Floods and flash floods are among the most devastating natural hazards, and their frequency is expected to rise with climate change and human activities.
- **Prediction is challenging** due to nonlinear hydrological processes, intense rainfall, spatial variability, karst contributions, and the complexity of small and/or urbanized basins.
- Al approaches (e.g., Artificial Neural Networks (ANNs)) offer promising solutions, improving predictive accuracy and showing strong potential for real-time flash flood forecasting at operational scales, but their "black-box" nature limits trust and operational use.
- Explainable AI (XAI) enhances transparency, identifies key drivers, and strengthens confidence in AI-based flood prediction systems.



Rainfalls on geological zones First layer of UA Second layer of UA C_{ij} C_{ij} C_{ij} C_{ij} C_{ij} C_{ij} C_{ij} C_{ij} C_{ij} C_{ij}



SCIENTIFIC OBJECTIVES

- Developing interpretable neural network models for flash flood prediction
- Incorporating high-level physical understanding into **ANNs** models to improve reliability and interpretability.
- Explaining these models using **Knowledge eXtraction (KnoX)** method and compare it with other XAI techniques such as SHAP or LIME, etc.

THE MISSION

- Literature review on Explainable AI (XAI) techniques and their applications in hydrology, with emphasis on flash flood prediction.
- Support and collaborate with a postdoctoral researcher on integrating XAI techniques into flash flood forecasting models.
- Develop and implement ANNs in RNF-Pro and Python for flash flood prediction in the Nîmes city, aiming to extend the forecast horizon.
- Incorporate prior hydrological knowledge into ANNs models to improve realism and reliability.
- Apply KnoX methode to extract mainingfull insigth from ANNs models, and compare it with others XAI techniques (e.g., SHAP, LIME) to assess their effectiveness in enhancing interpretability and operational trust.

REFERENCES

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THE RESEARCH UNIT: HSM Site in Alès

- Integration in the CREER Center at IMT Mines Alès, within the HEC Team
- Strong interdisciplinary approach, addressing major water challenges and contributing to collaborative research projects and scientific networks.
- Students will join a dynamic and welcoming team that supports their integration and provides opportunities to engage in cutting-edge multidisciplinary research.





